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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/040,702	12/28/2001	David M. Lee	42390.P13768	2187		
7	590 06/28/2005	EXAMINER				
BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP Seventh Floor			SHAH, CH	SHAH, CHIRAG G		
12400 Wilshire	Boulevard	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
Los Angeles, (CA 90025-1026	2664				

DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/040,7	02	LEE ET AL.				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
		Chirag G.		2664				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).). 1.136(a). In no eveply within the stand of will apply and wulle, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tinutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from slication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this come ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30	<u> March 2005</u>						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	☐ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-15 is/are rejected.							
Applicati	on Papers	•						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
12) ☐ a) [* S 13) ☐ A si 3: a; 14) ☐ A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bures be the attached detailed Office action for a list ocknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic a specific reference was included in the foreign language processor. The translation of the foreign language processor was included in the foreign language processor was included in the first sentence of	nts have beents have been iority document au (PCT Rulest of the certistic priority united sentence provisional apstic priority united priority	en received. en received in Applicatents have been received in Entrance ive 17.2(a)). ified copies not receive inder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) of the specification of the specification of the specification for the specification of the specification of the specification for the specification of the specification for the specification fo	ion No ed in this National S ed. e) (to a provisional a r in an Application D ceived. and/or 121 since a	application) Pata Sheet.			
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)		A) The Internation Comm	(/DTO 442) 5				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (FTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	<u>1 sheet</u> .	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	(PTO-413) Paper No(s). Patent Application (PTO-1				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-6 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Webber (U.S. Pub No. 2003/0039209).

Referring to claim 1,

Webber discloses in figure 2 and paragraphs 0017-0020 of a method of receiving a completion packet [acknowledgement positive or negative packet as disclosed in fig. 2 and paragraph 0018] at a receiving device [requesting device], the completion packet including a completor identification [as disclosed in 0017 and 0020, for example a positive acknowledgment is received to the requester from the responder for packet 1 as initially tagged by requester];

determining whether the completion packet received from the identified completor is expected by the receiving device [As disclosed in 0020 and figure 2, this determination is made by the requester when it receives a message from the responder by comparing based on sequence number of the last packet in the descriptor for the message with the sequence number of the acknowledgment received for that same message. In

other words as further disclosed in 0020, if a request was made by the requester, the request tags (numbers) the packets by writing a sequence number in each packet header as they are transmitted, the responder transmits an acknowledgment back to the requester when it receives a packet, which includes the packet's sequence numbers]; and

discarding the completion packet if the completion packet is not expected [As disclosed in paragraph 0020-0021, if the responder detects a remote error in a packet of a message, it sends a negative acknowledgement to the requester while discarding any subsequent packets in the message. A remote error is an error detected by the requester after a packet has been received. Upon receiving the negative acknowledgement, the requester completes the message in error by writing a negative completion code to the CQ and the message is terminated/discarded] as claim.

Referring to claim 2, Webber discloses in paragraph 0026 and in figure 2&5 wherein determining whether the completion packet is expected includes determining whether the completion packet corresponds to any outstanding requests previously issued by the receiving device as claim.

Referring to claim 3, Webber discloses in paragraph 0026 of further comprising reporting an error condition as claim.

Referring to claim 4, Webber discloses in figure 2 and paragraphs 0017-0020 of a method, comprising:

receiving a completion packet [acknowledgment positive or negative packet as disclosed in figure 2 and paragraph 0018] at a receiving device [requesting device], the completion packet [ack packet] including a completion status [positive, negative, retransmission as disclosed in 0018] and a completor identification [packet tag (sequence number) as disclosed in 0017];

determining whether the completion packet includes a completion status other than successful [As disclosed in 0018-0020, a negative acknowledgment indicates that the responder has detected a remote error in a packet transmitted by the requester. The requester determines whether the ack packet includes a positive or negative packet completion status]; and

storing the completor identification in a first register (CQ) if the completion status is other than successful [As disclosed in paragraph 0020, upon receiving a negative acknowledgment, the requester completes the message in error by writing a negative completion code to the CQ and the message is terminated] as claim.

Referring to claim 5, Webber discloses in paragraphs 0019-0020 of further including indicating in a second register [in memory 102 called the completion Queue (CQ)] that an unsuccessful completion (negative acknowledgment) was received if the completion status is other than successful (a detected remote error) as claim.

Referring to claim 6, Webber discloses in paragraph 0018 and 0026 and in figure 2&5, further comprising reporting an error condition if the completion status is other than successful as claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 7-8 and 10-15 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Webber in view of Garcia et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,493,343).

Referring to claim 7, Webber discloses in figure 2 and in paragraphs 0017-0020 of a method comprising:

servicing a request packet [packet 1, packet 2, etc. of paragraph 0017] from a requesting device [101 in figure 2] at a completor device [responder 103 in figure 3], the request packet including a requestor identification and a tag [as disclosed in 0017, the requester tags (numbers) the packets as they are transmitted by writing a sequence number in each packet header];

transmitting a completion packet with a completion status other than successful from the completor device to the request device if an error condition exist [As disclosed in figure 2, paragraph 0018, The responder transmits a negative acknowledgement

indicating that the responder has detected a remote error in the packet transmitted by the requester]; and

Webber discloses in paragraph 0020, upon receiving a negative acknowledgment, the requester completes the message in error by writing a negative completion code to the CQ and the message is terminated. Webber fails to explicitly disclose of storing the requestor identification at a location in the completor device if the error condition exists. Webber discloses further in 0017-0019 that the respective paragraphs that the responder 103 transmits an acknowledgment (negative) back to the requester 102 when it receives a packet, which includes the packet's sequence number. Webber further fails to disclose indicating in a register in the completor device that a completion packet with a completor status other than successful was generated/transmitted if the error exists. Garcia teaches a system where both the requester and responder nodes maintain local copies of a message sequence number. Garcia discloses in column 9, lines 60-67 that the responder when it generates either a positive or negative acknowledgment, it has a logic that copies the incoming sequence numbers and uses it in the sequence number field for acknowledgment. Garcia further discloses in col. 9, lines 42-67 that the sequence number is used for generating a positive or negative acknowledgement. Furthermore based on the respective section, when the responder serving as a completor device stores the sequence number in the logic (register) is of negative status, a negative acknowledgment is generated when a packet was not successfully received or was unexpected in the order. Thus, the responder serving as the completor device stores the sequence numbers in the logic having a negative and positive acknowledgment. Therefore, it would have been to one of ordinary skills in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Webber to

include a memory logic in the completor device as taught by Garcia for storing acknowledgment error tags in order to provide high reliability and low latency communication in the event of failure.

Referring to claim 8, Webber discloses in 0017 and figure 2 that the requester 101 tags the packet as they are transmitted, by writing a sequence number in each packet header. Webber further discloses in paragraph 0017-0018 that the responder 103 transmits an acknowledgment back to the requester 102 when it receives a packet, which includes the packet's sequence number. The responder transmits a negative acknowledgment when the responder has detected a remote error in a packet transmitted by the requester. Webber, however, fails to explicitly disclose of storing the tag at a location in the completor device if the error condition exists.

Garcia teaches a system where both the requester and responder nodes maintain local copies of a message sequence number. Garcia discloses in column 9, lines 60-67 that the responder when it generates either a positive or negative acknowledgment, it has a logic that copies the incoming sequence numbers and uses it in the sequence number field for acknowledgment. Thus, the responder serving as the completor device stores the sequence numbers in the logic having a negative and positive acknowledgment. Therefore, it would have been to one of ordinary skills in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Webber to include a memory logic for storing acknowledgment error tags as taught by Garcia in order to provide high reliability and low latency communication in the event of failure.

Referring to claim 10, Webber discloses in paragraph 0018, 0026 and figure 2 of further comprising reporting the error condition if it exists as claim.

Referring to claim 11, Webber discloses in paragraphs 0018-0019 wherein the completion packet further comprises a completion status such as a negative or positive acknowledgment.

Referring to claim 12, Webber discloses in paragraph 0019-0020 wherein determining whether the completion status is expected [if a positive ack is received for packet 1, the requester must determine that ack 1 does not complete the descriptor message A and that ack 2 does,] further comprises determining whether the completion status is set as an unexpected result [the completion status is set as an unexpected results since the requestor may receive a completion status acknowledgment in a positive or negative form, see paragraph 0019-0020].

Referring to claims 13 and 15, Webber discloses in 0020 wherein a completion status other than successful may be at least one of an unsupported request, completor abort, malformed packet, and unexpected completion [the responder detects a remote error in a packet of a message (malformed packet), it sends a negative completion acknowledgment message to the requester, see 0020].

Referring to claim 14, Webber discloses in paragraph 0020 wherein transmitting a completion packet [positive ack 2] further comprises returning no data with the completion packet for a read completion [no data is returned and a message is considered complete when its completion code is written to the CQ, see 0019].

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Response to Arguments

Applicant argues in the remarks filed on 3/30/05 that Webber does not disclose or suggest discarding the completion packet if the completion packet is not expected. Applicant further argues that a packet with an error is not the same as a packet that is not expected. Examiner respectfully disagrees and redirects Applicant's attention to Webber reference. Webber specifically discloses in paragraphs 0020-0021 of the requesting device receiving an acknowledgment packet [completion packet] specifically a negative acknowledgment packet, upon receiving the negative acknowledgment completion packet, the packet is written to the CQ and the packet is discarded. Furthermore, while the Examiner agrees that a packet with an error is not the same as a packet that is not expected, however when a packet with an error is transmitted to the requester when the requestor is not expecting the error packet based on the sequence number, the packet with the error in sequence number will be discarded.

Applicant amends claim 7 to include indicating in a register in the completor device that a completion packet with a completor status other than successful was transmitted if the error condition exists. Examiner provides a rejection with explanation of Webber in view of Garcia to rejection of the newly added amended limitation in claim 7. Webber further fails to disclose

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other than successful was generated/transmitted if the error exists. Garcia teaches a system

indicating in a register in the completor device that a completion packet with a completor status

where both the requester and responder nodes maintain local copies of a message sequence

number. Garcia discloses in column 9, lines 60-67 that the responder when it generates either a

positive or negative acknowledgment, it has a logic that copies the incoming sequence numbers

and uses it in the sequence number field for acknowledgment. Garcia further discloses in col. 9,

lines 42-67 that the sequence number is used for generating a positive or negative

acknowledgement. Furthermore based on the respective section, when the responder serving as a

completor device stores the sequence number in the logic (register) is of negative status, a

negative acknowledgment is generated when a packet was not successfully received or was

unexpected in the order.

Based on the above explanation to the remarks/amendment 3/30/05, claims 1-8 and 10-15

respectfully remain rejected.

Conclusion

Any response to this final action should be mailed to:

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Or faxed to:

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PROCEDURE)

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Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2021 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chirag G. Shah whose telephone number is 571-272-3144. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:45 to 4:15, 2nd Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wellington Chin can be reached on 571-272-3134. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

cgs June 21, 2005

Ajit Patel Primary Examiner